UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO

WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A., as Trustee, :

:

CASE NO. 1:07-CV-2453

Plaintiff,

: OPINION & ORDER : [Resolving Doc. No. 1]

CAROLINE IVY, ET AL.

VS.

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Defendants.

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JAMES S. GWIN, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE:

On August 10, 2007, Plaintiff Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. ("Wells Fargo") filed a complaint against the Defendants for foreclosure on the property located at 9713 Union Avenue, Cleveland, OH 44105. [Doc. 1.] The Plaintiff claimed that this Court possessed subject matter jurisdiction over the case based on federal diversity jurisdiction. *Id.* The Plaintiff alleged that the Defendants had defaulted on the note and mortgage that they executed on the property. *Id.* For the following reasons, this Court **DISMISSES** this case without prejudice.

Parties that file cases in federal court on the basis of diversity jurisdiction bear the burden of establishing that such subject matter jurisdiction exists. *Coyne v. Am. Tobacco Co.*, 183 F. 3d 488, 493 (6th Cir. 1999). As a jurisdictional prerequisite, the plaintiff must establish that he or she has standing to bring the lawsuit in federal court. *Id.* at 494; *Lewis v. Casey*, 518 U.S. 343, 349 n.1 (1996). The issue of standing must remain open to judicial review at every stage of the litigation. *Nat'l Org. for Women, Inc. v. Scheidler*, 510 U.S. 249, 255 (1994). In order to demonstrate standing, a plaintiff must prove that he has suffered an injury in fact, the injury must be "fairly

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traceable" to the defendant, and the requested relief must be capable of redressing the injury. *Coyne*, 183 F.3d at 494. Article III of the U.S. Constitution requires that the plaintiff demonstrate that he has personally suffered an actual injury due to the defendant's conduct. *Id*.

In this case, the Plaintiff, Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., claims that it is the holder and owner of the note and mortgage executed on the Defendants' property. [Doc. 1.] However, upon close examination of the record, the note and mortgage provided by the Plaintiff show that the mortgagee at the time of the filing of the complaint was the original lender, Argent Mortgage Company, LLC. *Id.* Additionally, the Preliminary Judicial Report, which the Plaintiff attached as an exhibit to the complaint, does not mention the Plaintiff at all in its record of chain of title. *Id.*

The Court's Fifth Amended General Order No. 2006-16, governing foreclosure cases based on diversity jurisdiction, requires the Plaintiff to file an affidavit with the complaint that identifies the Plaintiff either as the original mortgage holder, an assignee, trustee, or successor-in-interest. In its affidavit, the Plaintiff asserted that it was the owner and holder of the relevant promissory note and mortgage, but did not indicate any assignment of interest. [Doc. 9.] On October 11, 2007, the Plaintiff filed a notice of an assignment of the mortgage. [Doc. 11.] In that filing, the Plaintiff produced evidence showing that the original lender transferred its right, title, and interest in the relevant property to the Plaintiff on October 4, 2007, after the lawsuit was commenced. *Id*.

The record, therefore, does not show that the Plaintiff was the owner and holder of the interest, title, and rights under the mortgage and note at the time of the filing of the foreclosure complaint on August 10, 2007. Plaintiff Wells Fargo does not appear to have had any ownership interest at the time that this lawsuit was commenced. The Plaintiff, therefore, has not carried its burden of proving standing because it has not shown that it personally suffered an actual injury prior

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to the filing of the complaint. Coyne, 183 F. 3d at 494. Plaintiff Wells Fargo has thus not met the

prerequisite for establishing that subject matter jurisdiction exists in this case.

The Court, therefore, **DISMISSES** this case without prejudice. Accordingly, all orders of

the Court and any entries by the Clerk are vacated. If the Plaintiff has information to establish that

it was the owner and holder of the note and mortgage as of the date that the complaint was filed, the

Plaintiff may provide that evidence to the Court and seek reconsideration of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: December 3, 2007

James S. Gwin

JAMES S. GWIN

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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